### Laser Refractive Surgery Update

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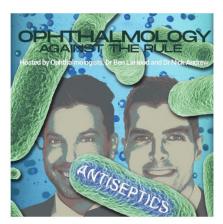


### My Background

- From Dunedin, New Zealand
- Fellowship training in refractive cataract and laser surgery
- PhD on posterior corneal astigmatism
- Practice
  - Ashford Advanced Eye Care
    - · Topographically guided transepithelial PRK
    - · Cataract and Lens replacement surgeries
  - Adelaide Eye and Laser Centre / Park View Day Surgery
    - SMILE
    - LASIK
    - ICI.
    - Cataract and Lens replacement surgeries

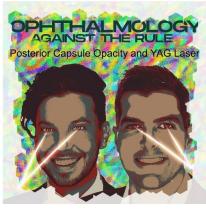
#### Education

- Run courses ESCRS, ASCRS
- Teach RANZCO Cataract and Refractive Final Exam Course
- Podcasts

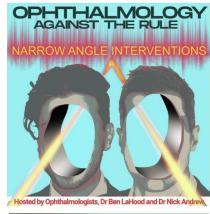


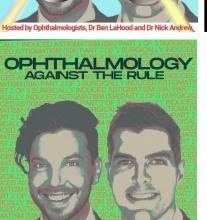
#### Ophthalmology Against The Rule Podcast

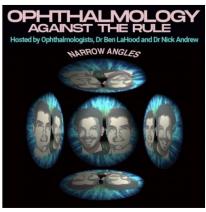








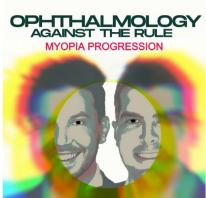














OPHTHALMOLOGY AGAINST THE DULE





#### The Second Look **Podcast**





















#### Monthly Email Newsletter

**Create Collaboration** 

**Case Discussions** 

**Questions and Answers** 

Updates on publications/presentations

**CPD Events** 

To sign up: ben@drbenlahood.com





QUESTIONS FROM THIS MONTH

# Update Goals for Today

- SMILE
  - Hyperopia
  - Astigmatism limits
- LASIK
  - Improved patient experience
- PRK
  - Topographically guided treatments
  - Transepithelial ablation
- Optom role
  - Pre-op and Post-op
- When things don't go to plan

#### **SMILE**

- New Laser
- Visumax 800
  - Faster
  - Less risk of suction loss
  - Better patient experience
  - More accurate astigmatism treatment
  - Ability to treat hyperopia

#### **SMILE Concerns**

- Limited refractive range (personal limits)
  - Myopia greater than -1D
  - Astigmatism less than 1D
  - No hyperopia
- Long laser duration
  - Suction loss more likely as duration lengthens
    - May need to abandon procedure
  - Can cause anxiety for patient
  - Can feel claustrophobic
- Dissection can be difficult
- No guidance for centration or cyclotorsion

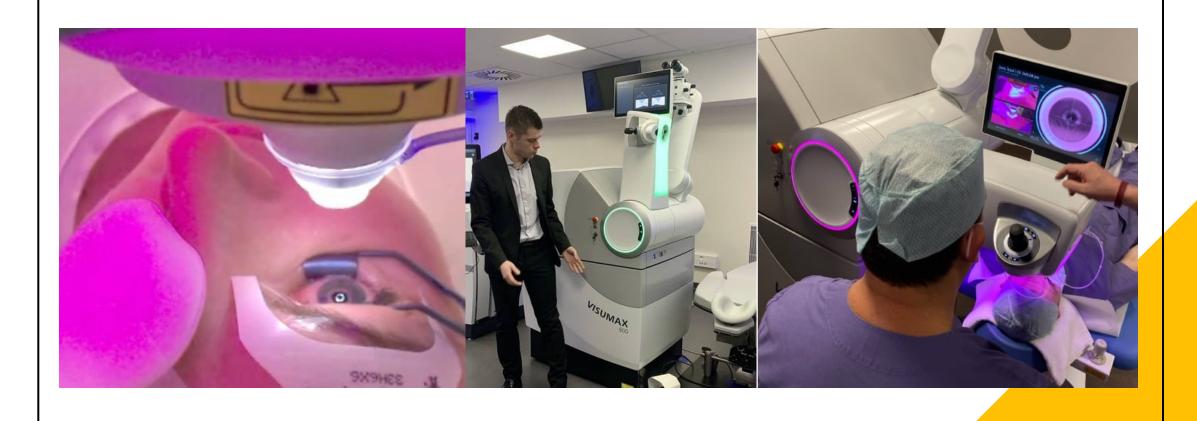
#### SMILE Updates #1 New Laser

Original Visumax Laser



New Visumax 800 Laser
Park View Day Surgery (where I work)
LVSA (Graham Fraenkel)

### SMILE Updates #3 Any colour you want!



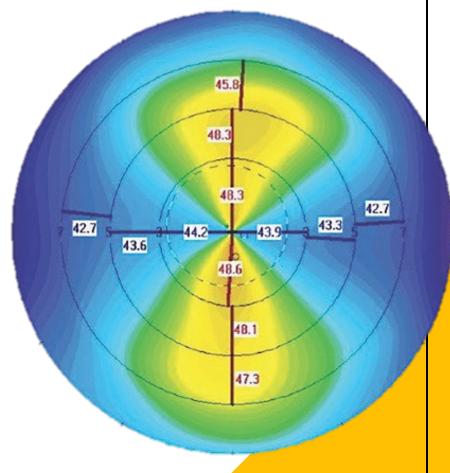
#### SMILE Updates #4 Centration

- Original Visumax
  - Centration manual
  - Depends where you dock the eye
  - Visual axis not always on pupil centre
  - Decentration
    - Aberrations
    - Night vision issues
- New Visumax 800
  - Computer assisted guidance
  - Positioning of treatment after docking



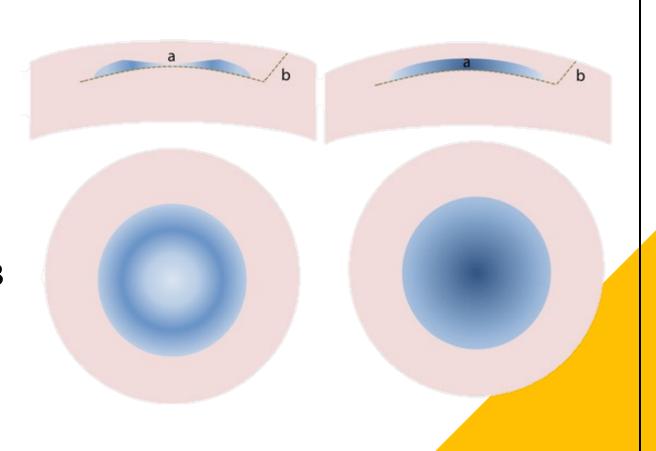
SMILE Updates #5 Astigmatism

- Original Visumax
  - No automatic adjustment for cyclotorsion
  - Most eyes rotate from sitting to lying down
  - Mark eyes manually
  - Limit to low astigmatism (1D or less)
- New Visumax 800
  - Cyclotorsion control automated
  - Astigmatism range similar to LASIK (up to 5D)



### SMILE Updates #6 Hyperopia

- Original Visumax
  - Myopia only
- New Visumax 800
  - Hyperopic treatments in 2023



#### Overall SMILE Update

#### Previously

- Myopia only
- Low astigmatism
- Longer procedure
- Dissection sometimes difficult

#### Visumax 800

- Myopia and Hyperopia
- Any astigmatism
- Short procedure
- Dissection easier
- Better patient experience
- Less stressful

#### Meme break





### LASIK Updates

- New Visumax 800 Laser
  - Faster
  - Smoother
- New Wavelight Excimer Laser

#### LASIK Limits

- Myopia
  - -0.50D to -12D
- Astigmatism
  - -0.25D to 5.0D
- Hyperopia
  - Up to +6.0D

#### LASIK Limits

- What limits treatment powers
  - Corneal thickness
    - Ectasia risk
  - Vision quality
    - Higher treatments need smaller optical zones
    - Smaller optical zones vs larger pupils
    - Night time glare and halos risk

#### LASIK Update

- Faster flap creation
  - More comfortable for patients
  - Lower risk of suction loss
- Smoother flap creation
  - Easier to open
  - Probably faster recovery
- Still a great technique
  - If LASIK came after SMILE?

#### Meme break





#### PRK Update

- Transepithelial Ablation
- Topographically guided treatments
- Central corneal regularization
- Improved comfort

#### **PRK Methods**

#### Epithelial debridement

- Remove epithelium manually
  - Ragged edges
- Can be stubborn to remove



#### Transepithelial

- Laser through epithelium
  - Literally laser sharp edge
- No touch at all
- Fast process
- What people imagine of laser

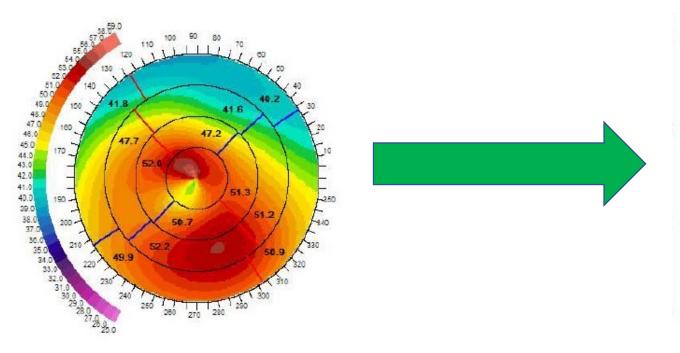
#### Topographically Guided PRK

- Wavefront guided
  - Wavefront measured for eye and treatment based on this
  - Impacted by opacities
- Wavefront optimized
  - Hard to know whether to treat a particular aberration
  - Coma vs astigmatism
- Topographically guided
  - Improving shape regardless of aberrations etc.
  - Make the cornea a more regular shape

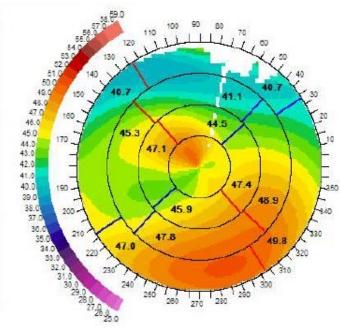
#### Topographically Guided Examples

- Irregular scars can be smoothed
- Standard refractive treatments can be further optimised
- Keratoconus improved

### Topographically Guided Examples

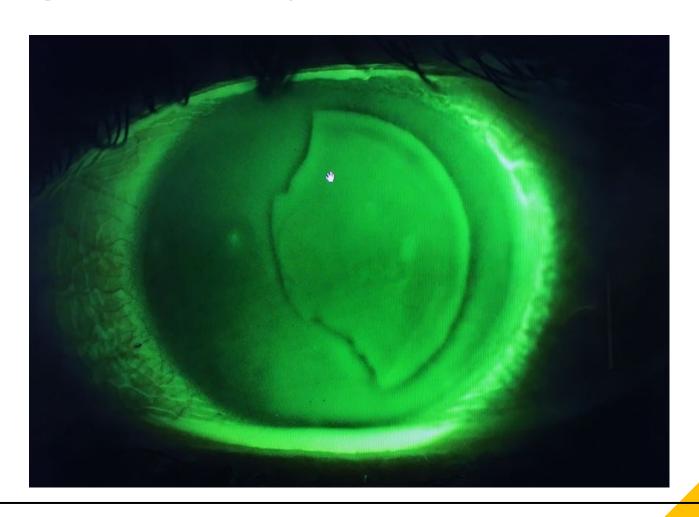


UDVA 6/150 BCVA 6/9.5 (-8.0 -5.5 x 60)



UDVA 6/9.5 BCVA 6/7.5 (+1.00 -2.5 x 60)

### Topographically Guided Examples



### Topographically Guided Regularisation

#### Best candidates

- Mild longterm stable irregular astigmatism
- Central elevations/bowtie
- Older patient (30+) or crosslinked
- Thick cornea

#### **Not Candidates**

- Thin corneas
- Significant scarring
- Very steep corneas (>58D)
- Ocular viral infection within past
   6 months
- Pregnant or breastfeeding
- Unstable

### Improving Comfort of PRK

- PRK has an uncomfortable recovery period
- Great method for some eyes
- Evidence that Systane Hydration improved post-cataract comfort
- Randomised Double Blinded Trial
  - Dr Jeremiah Lim
  - Flinders Optometry School
  - Patient Reported Outcomes and Corneal Staining
  - Systane Hydration vs Refresh Plus

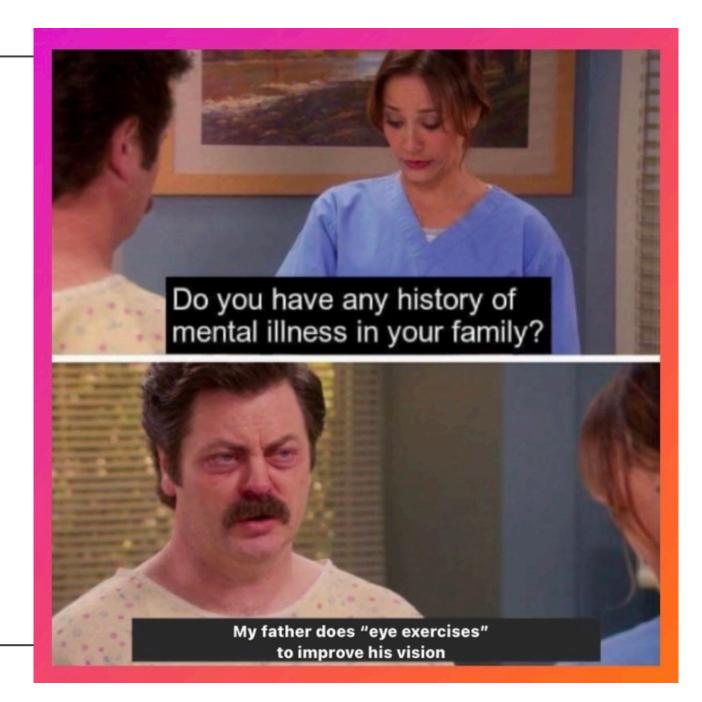
### Improving Comfort of PRK

- Randomised Double Blinded Trial
  - Systane Hydration Use
    - Less corneal staining at day 4
    - Trend towards smaller defect size at day 4
    - Trend towards being more comfortable at day 4



#### Meme break





# Optometrist Role in Laser Surgery

- Pre-op Assessment
- Pre-op Discussion
- Post-op Management

#### Optometrist Role in Pre-op Assessment

- Deciding if stable
  - Prescription stability for two years optimal
  - Change within 0.5D usual limit
  - Not a safety concern but satisfaction

#### Optometrist Role in Pre-op Assessment

- Optimising ocular surface
  - Minimise contact lens wear
  - Treat any blepharitis/MGD aggressively
  - Out of soft contact lenses 48 hours
  - RGP much longer
    - Month would be great
    - Some need even longer

#### Optometrist Role in Pre-op Discussion

- Talking about risk
  - Few key points
  - Nothing catastrophic on the day
  - Ectasia risk extremely low for normal eyes
  - Enhancement risk about 2%

#### Optometrist Role in Pre-op Discussion

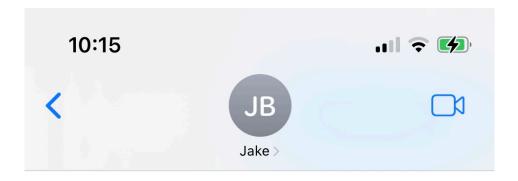
- Talking about expectations
  - Vision quality in contact lenses is hard to beat
  - Night time vision/halos
    - More common with high prescriptions
  - Dryness is usual in first month

#### Optometrist Role in Pre-op Discussion

- Considering Technique Options
  - Dry eye
    - PRK reasonable
    - SMILE advantage over LASIK
  - Astigmatism
    - LASIK
  - Squeamish
    - PRK

#### Optometrist Role in Post-Op Management

- Patients seen to a month post-op routine
- Annual check recommended
- Dry eye symptoms
  - Hot lid massages are safe after a month
  - Lubricants safe
- Residual refractive error
  - Enhancement is free
  - Happiness with vision most important factor



Guess what! I went in the pool again and my eyes feel completely fine!

Happy Friday!

Today 9:42 PM

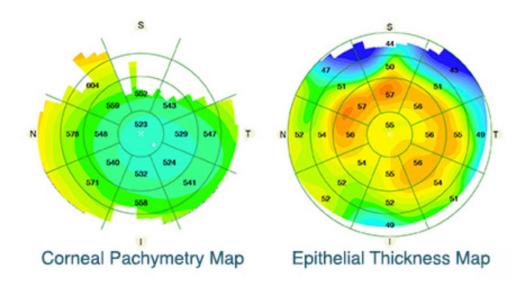


Seeing a message from you with the word "pool" scares me! So happy you're doing well. Have a great weekend:)

Read 10:13 PM

- PRK
  - Haze
    - Visible for up to a year
    - Not usually visibly significant
    - May consider topical steroid boost

- PRK
  - Regression
    - Most common for hyperopic treatments
    - Commonly epithelial hypertrophy

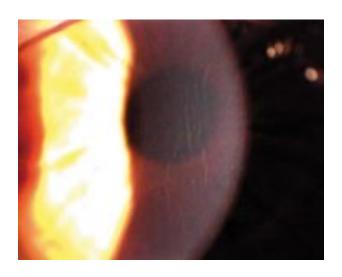


- LASIK
  - Opacity beneath flap
    - Most likely epithelial ingrowth
    - Best to treat as though infection and refer urgently



#### LASIK

- Microstriae
  - If vision good, can leave alone
  - If early and significant, refer for flap relift





- SMILE
  - Glare or halos
  - Could be decentred treatment
    - This will require tomography
    - Potentially PRK regularisation
  - Could be remodelling after lenticule removed
    - This just needs time

- ECTASIA
  - Any drop in BCVA after any laser
  - Scissor reflex
  - Referral
    - Crosslinking

- Residual Refractive Error
  - PRK
    - Repeat PRK but traditional rather than trans-epi
  - LASIK
    - Flap lift if within 1-2 years
    - Otherwise PRK
  - SMILE
    - PRK
    - Thin flap LASIK
  - Overall
    - Give at least three months to give stable refraction

### One Last Meme

### How I feel as a refractive surgeon at a retinal meeting







#### **Discussion Time**

## Thank You Questions?

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